

Responsible Stewardship – Kai Nishiki proposal

Policy

Existing areas of open space, including agricultural lands and gulches should be viewed as a resource to be protected and enhanced. Protect view corridors and scenic vistas. Design landscape barriers along major roadways in such a manner as to provide periodic views of the mountains and ocean.

The marine and nearshore environment and open space areas are important assets of the region and should be protected and preserved. Habitat connectivity, watersheds, undeveloped shoreline areas and other environmentally sensitive lands shall be preserved.

Reuse of treated effluent and the reduction in sedimentation of near shore waters shall be pursued to protect and enhance the region's land, water and marine environments.

Preserve and protect the regions cultural resources and traditional lifestyles, including, but not limited to the agricultural pursuits of Native Hawaiians in Honokohau Valley, Kahoma Valley, Olowalu, and Ukumehame.

Prohibit the construction of seawalls and revetments except as may be permitted by rules adopted by the Maui Planning Commission governing the issuance of Shoreline Management Area(SMA) emergency permits and encourage beach nourishment through dune restoration.

Action

Protect the shoreline and beaches by preserving waterfront land as open space wherever possible.

Encourage park, golf course, landscape and agricultural use of treated effluent. Plan for waste water reuse in the design of all new developments, parks, golf courses, and open spaces. Identify potential new users of treated effluent and implement the necessary improvements to supply this water through the county CIP.

Transition from the use of waste water injection wells to appropriate environmentally sound methods of waste water disposal and promote the beneficial use of waste water effluent.

Amend county regulations to allow for the use of grey water for approved purposes in West Maui.

Fund and implement a "Safe and Clean" program in Lahaina.

Cultural Resources

To preserve, protect and restore those cultural resources and sites that best represent and exemplify the Lahaina region's pre-contact, Hawaiian Monarchy, missionary and plantation history.

Objectives and Policies

1. Preserve and protect significant archaeological, historical and cultural resources that are unique in the State of Hawaii and Island of Maui.
2. Foster an awareness of the diversity and importance of cultural resources and of the history of Lahaina.
3. Encourage and protect traditional shoreline and mountain access, cultural practices and rural/agricultural lifestyles. Ensure adequate access to our public shoreline areas for public recreation, including lateral continuity.
4. Establish programs to restore, maintain and interpret significant cultural districts, sites and artifacts in both natural and museum settings.
5. Promote distinct cultural resources as an identifying characteristic of the region.
6. Ensure that new projects or developments address potential impacts on archaeological, historical, and cultural resources and identify all cultural resources located within the project area as part of initial project studies. Further require that all proposed activity adequately mitigate potential adverse impacts on cultural resources.
7. Encourage the ongoing state and national register nomination process, by government and private property owners, to increase awareness and protection of sites and districts.
8. Support public and private efforts to inventory, evaluate and register historic and archaeological sites to expand the public's knowledge of the region's cultural resources.
9. Protect and preserve Honokohau Valley's historic and traditional use for domestic and agricultural activities. Ensure the availability of sufficient quantities and quality of water for

these activities by recognizing Native Hawaiian water rights and traditional access protected by Article XII, Section 7, of the State Constitution, and Section 1.1, Hawaii Revised Statutes.

10. Ensure that site identification and interpretation is not damaging to any historical or archaeological sites.
11. Recognize the importance of buffer areas to enhance and protect historical or archaeological sites.
12. Recognize areas of historic vegetation and significant native vegetation zones as cultural resources.
13. Encourage community stewardship of historic sites.

14. Encourage the development of "cultural parks" for visitation and education.

15. Encourage cultural and educational programs to perpetuate Hawaiian and other ethnic heritages.

16. General site types and areas that should be flagged for possible preservation include the following:

- a. Ancient trails/old government roads
- b. Fishponds
- c. Landings
- d. Nearshore marine cultural resources
- e. Stream valley areas
 - 1) habitation complexes (shoreline and interior)
 - 2) lo`i and `auwai
 - 3) terraces
- f. Significant native vegetation zones
- g. Plantation ditch systems
- h. Religious structures (shrines, churches and heiau)
- i. Old bridges
- j. Plantation camps
- k. Plantation era structures and homes
- l. Petroglyphs
- m. Burials

17. Important site types and areas in the West Maui region include but are not limited to the following:

- a. Lahaina Pall trail
- b. Olowalu Church ruins
- c. Olowalu helau
- d. Stream valley sites
- e. Plantation ditch system
- f. Sites and structures within the National Historic District
- g. Plantation buildings
- h. Lo'i terraces and 'auwai
- i. Ukumehame complex
- j. Launiupoko complex
- k. Moku'ula Island
- l. Camp Pecusa
- m. Honolua archaeological district
- n. Honokohau Valley
- o. Olowalu petroglyphs
- p. Pioneer Mill
- q. Lahainaluna High School
- r. Olowalu Landing
- s. Mala pre-contact burials

Implementing Actions

1. Develop cultural parks appropriate for public visitation and educational programs in various areas of the region.
2. Enforce the provisions of the Lahaina Historic District in order to preserve the cultural integrity of Lahaina town. Expand the Lahaina Historic District to include both sides of Waivee Street between Lahainaluna Road and Shaw Street and both sides of Front Street from Shaw Street to Puamana.
3. Identify specific historical or archaeological sites for protection and interpretation.
4. Update the County Cultural Resource Management Plan to further identify specific and significant cultural resources in the region and provide strategies for preservation and enhancement.
5. Formulate and adopt rural and historic district roadway standards to promote the maintenance of historic landscapes and streetscapes in character with the region, and, where appropriate within the context of the town's historic character,